### **Program Management Organization**

### U.S. ADS-B Program Activities

Presented to: New Technology Workshop

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# Outline

- Why ADS-B?
- Strategy
- Implementation Status
- Alaska details
- Gulf of Mexico details
- Regulations, Standards and Guidance
- ADS-B-In applications



# Why ADS-B?

- Enables NextGen applications via ADS-B-In
- Surveillance coverage in regions where radar is impractical or too expensive
- Post-2020, allows FAA to divest approximately 175 secondary surveillance radars (lifecycle cost savings)



## **U.S. ADS-B Strategy**









### May 2012 Alaska Route Coverage (18,000ft MEA)





### **Juneau ADS-B and WAM Coverage**

#### Coverage: 500 ft to 13,000 ft MSL







## **Williams Mountain**







## **Alaska Benefits Summary**

- More efficient routes in adverse weather
- Access to lower altitude routes
- Improved search and rescue services
- Increase access to remote villages (commercial and medevac)



#### **Gulf of Mexico ADS-B Coverage – Low Altitude**





### Gulf of Mexico ADS-B Coverage – FL280





## North Padre 975 (ADS-B and AWOS)





## High Island 536C (ADS-B and AWOS)

UAT Omni Antenna mounted on ITT triangular tower

North & East 1090 Directional Antennas mounted on ITT triangular tower

> New Com Building houses ADS-B electronics

South & West 1090 Directional Antennas mounted on existing girders



## **Benefits for Helicopter Operators**

- Fuel savings--at least 90-100 lbs per flight through direct routing with ADS-B
- For one operator, between 1999-2006, IFR operations were less than 4% of total flying in the Gulf
- As of June 2011, more than 50% of the IFR capable aircraft were flying IFR using ADS-B
- ADS-B allows quicker access to higher altitudes during climb and cruise portion of flight; avoids possible collisions with birds



## **U.S. ADS-B Final Rule: Overview**

- On May 27, 2010, the FAA published the U.S. Final Rule for ADS-B Out equipage
  - Mandates performance requirements for ADS-B avionics that will be required to fly in certain U.S. airspace by 1-Jan-2020
  - ADS-B Out transmits location information received from a Global Navigation Satellite System -- rule does not preclude other navigation source methods
  - Rule does not mandate ADS-B In
    - A new Aviation Rulemaking Committee (ARC) was chartered in June 2010 to address ADS-B In strategy



## ADS-B Final Rule: Required Airspace (In Green)



#### Note: 1090MHz ES link is required above FL180



## **Standards and Guidance Flow**

FAA - AC (90 Series)	Advisory only: Applicant isn't required to comply (Written by Flight Standards)		Provides guidance on operational requirements for the equipment
FAA - AC (20 Series)	Advisory only: Applicant isn't required to comply (Written by Aircraft Certification)	F t c a	Provides guidance on how o install the equipment in order to get an airworthiness certification
FAA TSO	Authorization: Required approval for the development of equipment based on TSO	Provides a "recipe" for producing equipment meets regulatory requ typically by "invoking" of the RTCA MOPS	r that lirements, all or part
RTCA MOPS	Recommendation: Industry consensus-based standards which are often used as the basis for FAA policy	Defines minimum requirements for the avionics and determines test criteria used to ensure the equipment meets the standards	MOPS = Minimum Operational Performance Standards TSO = Technical Standard Order AC = Advisory Circulars



## **Status: Avionics Upgrades**

Carrier	Aircraft Type(s)	Quantity	Scope
JetBlue	A320	35	U.S./European rule-compliant ADS-B Out avionics (DO-260B)
United	747	12 (ADS-B In)	ITP installations (ADS-B In) and DO-260B ADS-B Out
USAir	A330-300/200	20 (ADS-B In and Out)	U.S./European rule-compliant ADS-B Out avionics (DO-260B) and ADS-B-In avionics compliant with DO-260B
UPS	747, 767, A300, MD11	143	U.S./European rule-compliant ADS-B Out avionics (DO-260B)
Gulf of Mexico Operators	Helicopters	54	U.S./European rule-compliant ADS-B Out avionics (DO-260B) OR U.S. rule-compliant ADS-B Out avionics (DO- 282B)
Alaska operators	Varies	Approx. 400	Upgrade existing DO-282A installations to U.S. rule-compliant ADS-B Out avionics (DO-282B)



## **ADS-B-In Applications Standards**

- Enhanced Visual Acquisition (EVAcq)
- Basic Airborne (AIRB)
- Visual Separation on Approach (VSA)
- In-Trail Procedures (ITP)









## **ADS-B In Aviation Rulemaking Committee**

#### Member Affiliation



First meeting held July 1, 2010

#### FAA-requested Deliverables:

- <u>Task 1</u>: Endorsement (or not) of continued work on 3 ADS-B-In application standards development projects -> by October 2010
- <u>Task 2</u>: Final ARC ADS-B-In Strategy Recommendations -> by September 2011
- <u>Task 3</u>: Delivery of products from any activities that follow up ADS-B-In Strategy Recommendations
  -> by June 2012

#### ARC Report is located at:

http://www.faa.gov/nextgen/implementation/portfolio/trans\_support\_progs/adsb/media/ADSB%20In%20ARC%20Report%20with%20transmittal%20letter.pdf



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## **Next Steps**

- Continue U.S. deployment of ADS-B Services
- Continue Requirements Development / Validation for ADS-B-In Pilot Applications
  - In-Trail Procedure (ITP)
  - Traffic Situation Awareness with Alerts (TSAA)
  - Flight-deck-based Interval Management (FIM)
- Incentivize Aircraft Retrofits and Forward Fit with agreements
- Continue to Build Alliances and Private–Public Partnerships

